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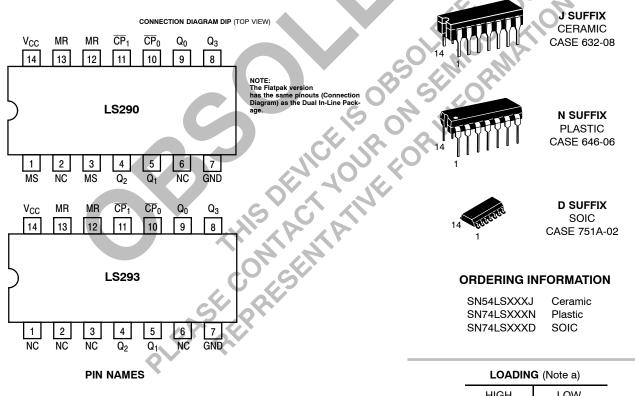
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# SN74LS290

# **DECADE COUNTER;** 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER

The SN54/74LS290 and SN54/74LS293 are high-speed 4-bit ripple type counters partitioned into two sections. Each counter has a divide-by-two section and either a divide-by-five (LS290) or divide-by-eight (LS293) section which are triggered by a HIGH-to-LOW transition on the clock inputs. Each section can be used separately or tied together (Q to  $\overline{CP}$ )to form BCD, Bi-quinary, or Modulo-16 counters. Both of the counters have a 2-input gated Master Reset (Clear), and the LS290 also has a 2-input gated Master Set (Preset 9).

- Corner Power Pin Versions of the LS90 and LS93
- Low Power Consumption . . . Typically 45 mW
- High Count Rates . . . Typically 42 MHz
- Choice of Counting Modes . . . BCD, Bi-Quinary, Binary
- Input Clamp Diodes Limit High Speed Termination Effects



		HIGH	LOW
CP <sub>0</sub>	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷2 Section.	0.05 U.L.	1.5 U.L.
CP1	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷5 Section (LS290).	0.05 U.L.	2.0 U.L.
CP1	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷8 Section (LS293).	0.05 U.L.	1.0 U.L.
MR1, MR2	Master Reset (Clear) Inputs	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
MS1, MS2	Master Set (Preset-9, LS290) Inputs	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
Q0	Output from ÷2 Section (Notes b & c)	10 U.L.	5 (2.5) U.L.
Q1, Q2, Q3	Outputs from ÷5 & ÷8 Sections (Note b)	10 U.L.	5 (2.5) U.L.
			•

#### NOTES:

a) 1 TTL Unit Load (U.L.) = 40  $\mu$ A HIGH/1.6 mA LOW.

b) The Output LOW drive factor is 2.5 U.L. for Military (54) and 5 U.L. for Commercial (74) Temperature Ranges.

c) The Q<sub>0</sub> Outputs are guaranteed to drive the full fan-out plus the  $\overline{CP}_1$  Input of the device.

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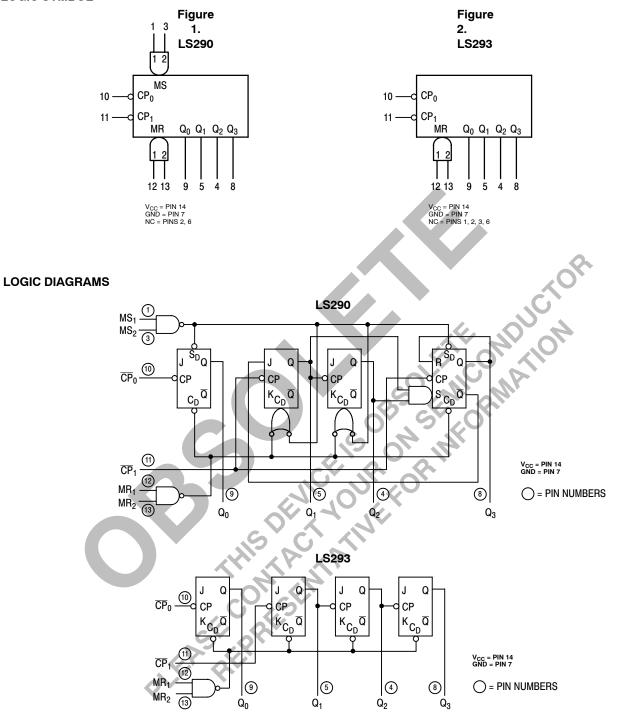
DECADE COUNTER;

**4-BIT BINARY COUNTER** 

LOW POWER

SCHOTTKY

#### LOGIC SYMBOL



#### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LS290 and LS293 are 4-bit ripple type Decade, and 4-Bit Binary counters respectively. Each device consists of four master/slave flip-flops which are internally connected to provide a divide-by-two section and a divide-by-five (LS290) or divide-by-eight (LS293) section. Each section has a separate clock input which initiates state changes of the counter on the HIGH-to-LOW clock transition. State changes of the Q outputs do not occur simultaneously because of internal ripple delays. Therefore, decoded output signals are subject to decoding spikes and should not be used for clocks or strobes. The Q<sub>0</sub> output of each device is designed and specified to drive the rated fan-out plus the  $\overline{CP}_1$  input of the device.

A gated AND asynchronous Master Reset (MR1 (MR2) is provided on both counters which overrides the clocks and resets (clears) all the flip-flops. A gated AND asynchronous Master Set (MS1 · MS2) is provided on the LS290 which overrides the clocks and the MR inputs and sets the outputs to nine (HLLH).

#### LS290

receives the incoming count and a BCD count sequence is produced.

- B. Symmetrical Bi-quinary Divide-By-Ten Counter The Q3 output must be externally connected to the  $\overline{CP}_0$  input. The input count is then applied to the  $\overline{CP}_1$  input and a divide-by-ten square wave is obtained at output Q<sub>0</sub>.
- C. Divide-By-Two and Divide-By-Five Counter -No external interconnections are required. The first flip-flop is used as a binary element for the divide-by-two function  $(\overline{CP}_0$  as the input and  $Q_0$  as the output). The  $\overline{CP}_1$  input is used to obtain binary divide-by-five operation at the Q3 output.

#### LS293

- A. 4-Bit Ripple Counter The output Q0 must be externally connected to input  $\overline{CP}_1$ . The input count pulses are applied to input CP0. Simultaneous division of 2, 4, 8, and 16 are performed at the  $Q_0$ ,  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$ , and  $Q_3$  outputs as shown in the truth table.
- B. 3-Bit Ripple Counter The input count pulses are applied to input  $\overline{CP}_1$ . Simultaneous frequency divisions of 2, 4, and 8 are available at the  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_2$ , and  $Q_3$  outputs. Independent use of the first flip-flop is available if the reset function coincides with reset of the 3-bit ripple-through

i I	nternall nay be L <b>S290</b> A. BCD	e the ly con opera	output fro inected to ated in var ade (8421) connecte	the succ ious cou ) Counte d to the	r — 1 Q <sub>0</sub>	ng stages i modes: the CP <sub>1</sub> in output. Th	s, the d nput m he CP <sub>t</sub>	evices ust be	S	shown in the truth table. 3-Bit Ripple Counter — The input co to input $\overrightarrow{CP}_1$ . Simultaneous freque and 8 are available at the $Q_1$ , Independent use of the first flip-flop function coincides with reset of th counter.
ſ										0, 2, 70.
	R	ESET/	SET INPU	-		OUT	PUTS		S	
	MR <sub>1</sub>	MR <sub>2</sub>	2 MS <sub>1</sub>	MS <sub>2</sub>	Q	0 Q1	Q <sub>2</sub>	$Q_3$		
	Н	Н	L	X	L	L	L	Ļ		N. OK.
	Н	Н	Х	L		. <u> </u>	L	1		
	X	Х	H	H	$\uparrow$		L	H	1	
	L	Х		X			ount			
	Х	L	X	L L			ount	C		
	L	X	X	L			ount			
	Х	L	L	X		Co	ount			
	LS290						$\mathcal{A}$	2		
I	BCD CO	олит	SEQUEN	ICE		<u> </u>	<b>)</b>			
		Г		(	OUTF	UT.				
			COUNT	Q <sub>0</sub> Q						
		-	0	40 G	1	Q <sub>2</sub> Q <sub>3</sub>				
			0				~			
			1	н		L				



#### **BCD COUNT SEQUENCE**

COUNT		OU	TPUT		
COUNT	<b>Q</b> <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>3</sub>	
0	L	L	L	L	
1	н	L	L	L	
2 3	L	Н	L	L	
3	н	Н	L	L	
4	L	L	Н	L	
5	Н	L	Н	L	
6	L	Н	Н	L	
7	Н	Н	Н	L	
8	L	L	L	Н	
9	н	L	L	Н	

NOTE: Output Q0 is connected to Input CP1 for BCD count.

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Don't Care

LS290 MODE SELECTION

#### LS293 MODE SELECTION

RESET	INPUTS		Ουτ	PUTS						
MR <sub>1</sub>	MR <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>0</sub>	<b>Q</b> 1	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>3</sub>					
Н	Н	L	L	L	L					
L	Н		Count							
Н	L	Count								
L	L		C	ount						

#### **TRUTH TABLE**

COUNT				
COONT	Q <sub>0</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	$Q_3$
0	L	L	L	L
1	Н	L	L	L
2	L	Н	L	L
3	н	н	L	L
4	L	L	н	L
5	н	L	н	L
6	L	н	Н	L
7	н	н	Н	L
8	L	L	L	Н
9	н	L	L	Н
10	L	н	L	Н
11	н	н	L	н
12	L	L	н	н
13	н	L	Н	Н
14	L	н	Н	H
15	Н	Н	н	Н

#### **GUARANTEED OPERATING RANGES**

		L	н	L	L						
	3	н	н	L	L						
	4	L	L	н	L						
	5	н	L	н	L					•	
	6	L	н	н	L						
	7	н	н	Н	L					2O'	
	8	L	L	L	Н				6		
	9	н	L	L	Н					)	
	10	L	н	L	Н					~	
	11	н	н	L	Н						
	12	L	L	Н	н			0.		9	
	13	Н	L	Н	Н			$\sim c$		•	
	14	L	Н	н	Н						
	15	Н	Н	н	Н		5				
No	ote: Output Q <sub>0</sub>	connecte	d to inpu	t CP <sub>1</sub> .							
								2.50	7		
UARANI	EED OPE	RATING	RAN	GES			5 2				
Symbol			Pa	arameter	r)			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
						.CY	54	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Vcc	V vlaguZ	oltade									
Vcc	Supply V	oltage					74	4.75	5.0	5.25	
V <sub>CC</sub>			ot Tomp		Dango						°C
	Supply V		nt Temp	erature F	Range	Sall of	54	-55	25	125	°C
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating	g Ambier		perature F	Range		54 74			125 70	
T <sub>A</sub>		g Ambier		perature F	Range		54	-55	25	125	°C mA
V <sub>CC</sub> T <sub>A</sub> IOH	Operating	g Ambier urrent —	- High	perature F	Range		54 74	-55	25	125 70	_

## SN74LS290

/іL /он /оL	Parameter   Input HIGH Voltage   Input LOW Voltage   Input Clamp Diode Voltage   Output HIGH Voltage   Output LOW Voltage   Input HIGH Current	54 74 54 74 54,74 74	Min 2.0 2.5 2.7	<b>Typ</b> -0.65 3.5 3.5	Max 0.7 0.8 -1.5	Unit V V	Guaranteed Inpu All Inputs	t Conditions t HIGH Voltage for t LOW Voltage for - 18 mA
/он /оц IH	Input LOW Voltage Input Clamp Diode Voltage Output HIGH Voltage Output LOW Voltage	74 54 74 54, 74	2.5	3.5	0.8	v v	All Inputs Guaranteed Input All Inputs	t LOW Voltage for
′ік ′он И	Input Clamp Diode Voltage Output HIGH Voltage Output LOW Voltage	74 54 74 54, 74		3.5	0.8	V	All Inputs	ç
V <sub>IK</sub> V <sub>OH</sub> VOL IH	Output HIGH Voltage Output LOW Voltage	54 74 54, 74		3.5			•	–18 mA
V <sub>OH</sub> V <sub>OL</sub> IH	Output HIGH Voltage Output LOW Voltage	54 74 54, 74		3.5	-1.5		$V_{CC} = MIN, I_{IN} =$	–18 mA
V <sub>OL</sub> IH	Output LOW Voltage	74 54, 74						
IH		54, 74	2.1			V V	V <sub>CC</sub> = MIN, I <sub>OH</sub> = or V <sub>IL</sub> per Truth T	
IH		74		0.25	0.4	V V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4.0 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> MIN
	Input HIGH Current			0.35	0.5	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> per Truth Table
	Input mon ourient				20	μΑ	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub>	= 2.7 V
IL					0.1	mA	$V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IN}$	= 7.0 V
	MS, MR CP <sub>0</sub> CP <sub>1</sub> (LS290) CP <sub>1</sub> (LS293)				-0.4 -2.4 -3.2 -1.6	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub>	= 0.4 V
OS	Short Circuit Current (Note	1)	-20		-100	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	0.
СС	Power Supply Current				15	mA	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX	
	CP <sub>0</sub> CP <sub>1</sub> (LS290) CP <sub>1</sub> (LS293) Short Circuit Current (Note Power Supply Current than one output should be shorted	CON LEPP	OEV TAC	CE CE	JR H	OR		

#### DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE (unless otherwise specified)

### SN74LS290

## AC CHARACTERISTICS (T\_A = 25°C, V\_{CC} = 5.0 V, C\_L = 15 pF)

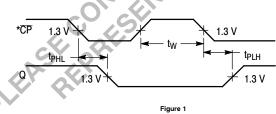
				Lin	nits				
		LS290				LS293		1	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	CP <sub>0</sub> Input Clock Frequency	32			32			MHz	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	CP <sub>1</sub> Input Clock Frequency	16			16			MHz	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay, $\overline{CP}_0$ Input to $Q_0$ Output		10 12	16 18		10 12	16 18	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	$\overline{CP}_0$ Input to $Q_3$ Output		32 34	48 50		46 46	70 70	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	CP <sub>1</sub> Input to Q <sub>1</sub> Output		10 14	16 21		10 14	16 21	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	CP <sub>1</sub> Input to Q <sub>2</sub> Output		21 23	32 35		21 23	32 35	ns	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	$\overline{CP}_1$ Input to $Q_3$ Output		21 23	32 35		34 34	51 51	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	MS Input to $Q_0$ and $Q_3$ Outputs		20	30				ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	MS Input to $Q_1$ and $Q_2$ Outputs		26	40			, C	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	MR Input to Any Output		26	40		26	40	ns	

# AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS (T<sub>A</sub> = $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V)

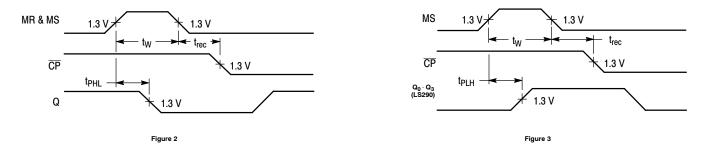
		0	Lim	its		
		LS	290	LS	293	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>W</sub>	CP <sub>0 Pulse Width</sub>	15		15		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	CP <sub>1 Pulse Width</sub>	30		30		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	MS Pulse Width	15				ns
t <sub>W</sub>	MR Pulse Width	15		15		ns
t <sub>rec</sub>	Recovery Time MR to CP	25		25		ns

RECOVERY TIME (t<sub>rec</sub>) is defined as the minimum time required between the end of the reset pulse and the clock transition form HIGH-to-LOW in order to recognize and transfer HIGH data to the Q outputs.

#### AC WAVEFORMS



\*The number of Clock Pulses required between the tPHL and tPLH measurements can be determined from the appropriate Truth Tables.





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