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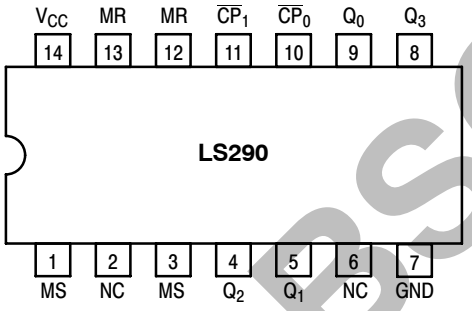
SN74LS290

DECADE COUNTER; 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER

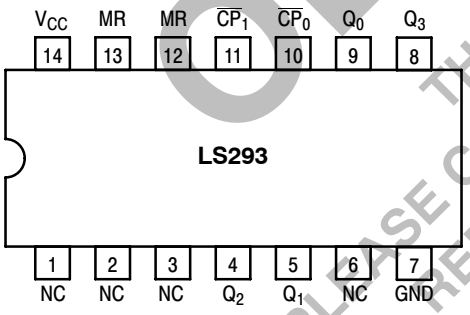
The SN54/74LS290 and SN54/74LS293 are high-speed 4-bit ripple type counters partitioned into two sections. Each counter has a divide-by-two section and either a divide-by-five (LS290) or divide-by-eight (LS293) section which are triggered by a HIGH-to-LOW transition on the clock inputs. Each section can be used separately or tied together (Q to $\overline{CP}$)to form BCD, Bi-quinary, or Modulo-16 counters. Both of the counters have a 2-input gated Master Reset (Clear), and the LS290 also has a 2-input gated Master Set (Preset 9).

- Corner Power Pin Versions of the LS90 and LS93
- Low Power Consumption . . . Typically 45 mW
- High Count Rates . . . Typically 42 MHz
- Choice of Counting Modes . . . BCD, Bi-Quinary, Binary
- Input Clamp Diodes Limit High Speed Termination Effects

CONNECTION DIAGRAM DIP (TOP VIEW)



NOTE:
The Flatpak version has the same pinouts (Connection Diagram) as the Dual In-Line Package.



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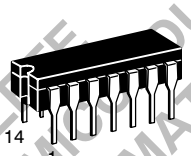
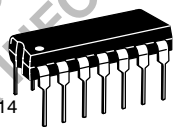
DECADE COUNTER; 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER

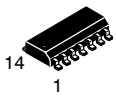
LOW POWER SCHOTTKY



J SUFFIX
CERAMIC
CASE 632-08



N SUFFIX
PLASTIC
CASE 646-06



D SUFFIX
SOIC
CASE 751A-02

ORDERING INFORMATION

SN54LSXXXJ	Ceramic
SN74LSXXXN	Plastic
SN74LSXXXD	SOIC

PIN NAMES

		LOADING (Note a) HIGH	LOW
$\overline{CP}_0$	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷2 Section.	0.05 U.L.	1.5 U.L.
$\overline{CP}1$	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷5 Section (LS290).	0.05 U.L.	2.0 U.L.
$\overline{CP}1$	Clock (Active LOW going edge) Input to ÷8 Section (LS293).	0.05 U.L.	1.0 U.L.
MR1, MR2	Master Reset (Clear) Inputs	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
MS1, MS2	Master Set (Preset-9, LS290) Inputs	0.5 U.L.	0.25 U.L.
Q0	Output from ÷2 Section (Notes b & c)	10 U.L.	5 (2.5) U.L.
Q1, Q2, Q3	Outputs from ÷5 & ÷8 Sections (Note b)	10 U.L.	5 (2.5) U.L.

NOTES:
a) 1 TTL Unit Load (U.L.) = 40 μA HIGH/1.6 mA LOW.
b) The Output LOW drive factor is 2.5 U.L. for Military (54) and 5 U.L. for Commercial (74) Temperature Ranges.
c) The Q_0 Outputs are guaranteed to drive the full fan-out plus the $\overline{CP}_1$ Input of the device.

LOGIC SYMBOL

Figure 1. LS290

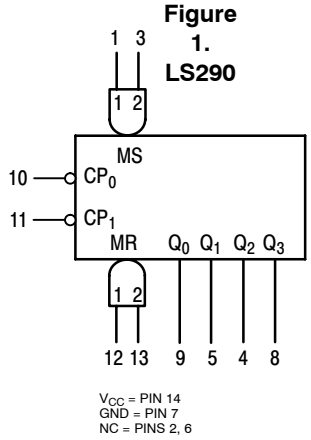
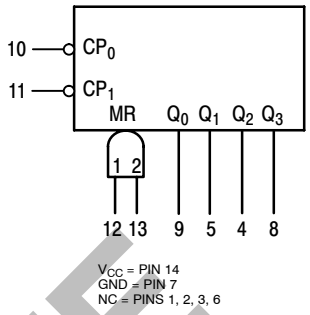
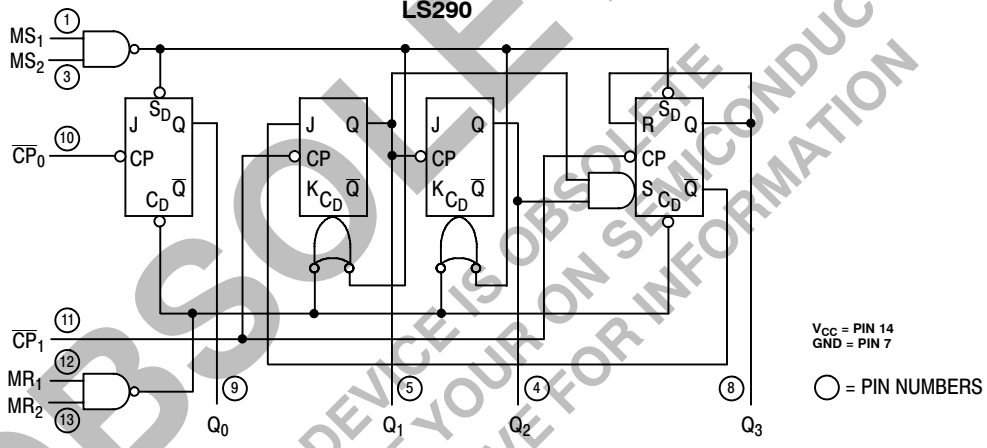


Figure 2. LS293

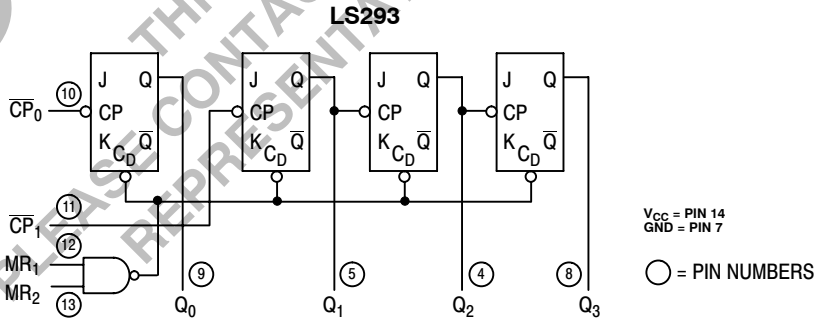


LOGIC DIAGRAMS

LS290



LS293



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LS290 and LS293 are 4-bit ripple type Decade, and 4-Bit Binary counters respectively. Each device consists of four master/slave flip-flops which are internally connected to provide a divide-by-two section and a divide-by-five (LS290) or divide-by-eight (LS293) section. Each section has a separate clock input which initiates state changes of the counter on the HIGH-to-LOW clock transition. State changes of the Q outputs do not occur simultaneously because of internal ripple delays. Therefore, decoded output signals are subject to decoding spikes and should not be used for clocks or strobes. The Q_0 output of each device is designed and specified to drive the rated fan-out plus the $\overline{CP}_1$ input of the device.

A gated AND asynchronous Master Reset ($MR_1 \cdot MR_2$) is provided on both counters which overrides the clocks and resets (clears) all the flip-flops. A gated AND asynchronous Master Set ($MS_1 \cdot MS_2$) is provided on the LS290 which overrides the clocks and the MR inputs and sets the outputs to nine (HLLH).

Since the output from the divide-by-two section is not internally connected to the succeeding stages, the devices may be operated in various counting modes:

LS290

A. BCD Decade (8421) Counter — the $\overline{CP}_1$ input must be externally connected to the Q_0 output. The $\overline{CP}_0$ input receives the incoming count and a BCD count sequence is produced.

B. Symmetrical Bi-quinary Divide-By-Ten Counter — The Q_3 output must be externally connected to the $\overline{CP}_0$ input. The input count is then applied to the $\overline{CP}_1$ input and a divide-by-ten square wave is obtained at output Q_0.

C. Divide-By-Two and Divide-By-Five Counter — No external interconnections are required. The first flip-flop is used as a binary element for the divide-by-two function ($\overline{CP}_0$ as the input and Q_0 as the output). The $\overline{CP}_1$ input is used to obtain binary divide-by-five operation at the Q_3 output.

LS293

A. 4-Bit Ripple Counter — The output Q_0 must be externally connected to input $\overline{CP}_1$. The input count pulses are applied to input $\overline{CP}_0$. Simultaneous division of 2, 4, 8, and 16 are performed at the Q_0, Q_1, Q_2, and Q_3 outputs as shown in the truth table.

B. 3-Bit Ripple Counter — The input count pulses are applied to input $\overline{CP}_1$. Simultaneous frequency divisions of 2, 4, and 8 are available at the Q_1, Q_2, and Q_3 outputs. Independent use of the first flip-flop is available if the reset function coincides with reset of the 3-bit ripple-through counter.

LS290 MODE SELECTION

RESET/SET INPUTS				OUTPUTS			
MR_1	MR_2	MS_1	MS_2	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3
H	H	L	X	L	L	L	L
H	H	X	L	L	L	L	L
X	X	H	H	H	L	L	H
L	X	L	X	Count			
X	L	X	L	Count			
L	X	X	L	Count			
X	L	L	X	Count			

LS290

BCD COUNT SEQUENCE

COUNT	OUTPUT			
	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3
0	L	L	L	L
1	H	L	L	L
2	L	H	L	L
3	H	H	L	L
4	L	L	H	L
5	H	L	H	L
6	L	H	H	L
7	H	H	H	L
8	L	L	L	H
9	H	L	L	H

NOTE: Output Q_0 is connected to Input CP_1 for BCD count.

H = HIGH Voltage Level
L = LOW Voltage Level
X = Don't Care

LS293 MODE SELECTION

RESET INPUTS		OUTPUTS			
MR_1	MR_2	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3
H	H	L	L	L	L
L	H	Count			
H	L	Count			
L	L	Count			

TRUTH TABLE

COUNT	OUTPUT			
	Q_0	Q_1	Q_2	Q_3
0	L	L	L	L
1	H	L	L	L
2	L	H	L	L
3	H	H	L	L
4	L	L	H	L
5	H	L	H	L
6	L	H	H	L
7	H	H	H	L
8	L	L	L	H
9	H	L	L	H
10	L	H	L	H
11	H	H	L	H
12	L	L	H	H
13	H	L	H	H
14	L	H	H	H
15	H	H	H	H

Note: Output Q_0 connected to input CP_1.

GUARANTEED OPERATING RANGES

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	54 74	4.5 4.75	5.0 5.0	5.5 5.25	V
T_A	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	54 74	−55 0	25 25	125 70	°C
I_{OH}	Output Current — High	54, 74			−0.4	mA
I_{OL}	Output Current — Low	54 74			4.0 8.0	mA

DC CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter		Limits Min	Limits Typ	Limits Max	Unit	Test Conditions	
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V	Guaranteed Input HIGH Voltage for All Inputs	
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	54			0.7	V	Guaranteed Input LOW Voltage for All Inputs	
		74			0.8			
V_{IK}	Input Clamp Diode Voltage			−0.65	−1.5	V	V_{CC} = MIN, I_{IN} = −18 mA	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	54	2.5	3.5		V	V_{CC} = MIN, I_{OH} = MAX, V_{IN} = V_{IH} or V_{IL} per Truth Table	
		74	2.7	3.5		V		
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	54, 74		0.25	0.4	V	I_{OL} = 4.0 mA	V_{CC} = V_{CC} MIN, V_{IN} = V_{IL} or V_{IH} per Truth Table
		74		0.35	0.5	V	I_{OL} = 8.0 mA	
I_{IH}	Input HIGH Current				20	μA	V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IN} = 2.7 V	
					0.1	mA	V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IN} = 7.0 V	
I_{IL}	Input LOW Current MS, MR $\overline{CP}_0$ $\overline{CP}_1$ (LS290) $\overline{CP}_1$ (LS293)				−0.4 −2.4 −3.2 −1.6	mA	V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IN} = 0.4 V	
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Current (Note 1)		−20		−100	mA	V_{CC} = MAX	
I_{CC}	Power Supply Current				15	mA	V_{CC} = MAX	

Note 1: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, nor for more than 1 second.

AC CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V, C_L = 15 pF)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits						Unit
		LS290			LS293			
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
f_{MAX}	$\overline{CP}_0$ Input Clock Frequency	32			32			MHz
f_{MAX}	$\overline{CP}_1$ Input Clock Frequency	16			16			MHz
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay, $\overline{CP}_0$ Input to Q_0 Output		10 12	16 18		10 12	16 18	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	$\overline{CP}_0$ Input to Q_3 Output		32 34	48 50		46 46	70 70	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	$\overline{CP}_1$ Input to Q_1 Output		10 14	16 21		10 14	16 21	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	$\overline{CP}_1$ Input to Q_2 Output		21 23	32 35		21 23	32 35	ns
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	$\overline{CP}_1$ Input to Q_3 Output		21 23	32 35		34 34	51 51	ns
t_{PHL}	MS Input to Q_0 and Q_3 Outputs		20	30				ns
t_{PHL}	MS Input to Q_1 and Q_2 Outputs		26	40				ns
t_{PHL}	MR Input to Any Output		26	40		26	40	ns

AC SETUP REQUIREMENTS (T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits				Unit
		LS290		LS293		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_W	$\overline{CP}_0$ Pulse Width	15		15		ns
t_W	$\overline{CP}_1$ Pulse Width	30		30		ns
t_W	MS Pulse Width	15				ns
t_W	MR Pulse Width	15		15		ns
t_{rec}	Recovery Time MR to $\overline{CP}$	25		25		ns

RECOVERY TIME (t_{rec}) is defined as the minimum time required between the end of the reset pulse and the clock transition form HIGH-to-LOW in order to recognize and transfer HIGH data to the Q outputs.

AC WAVEFORMS

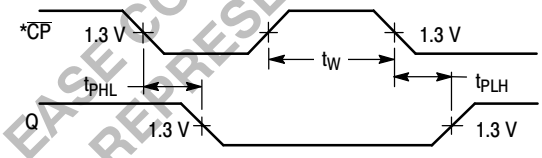


Figure 1

*The number of Clock Pulses required between the t_{PHL} and t_{PLH} measurements can be determined from the appropriate Truth Tables.

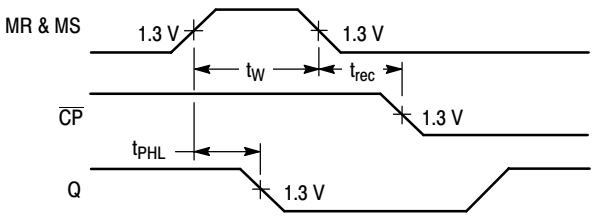


Figure 2

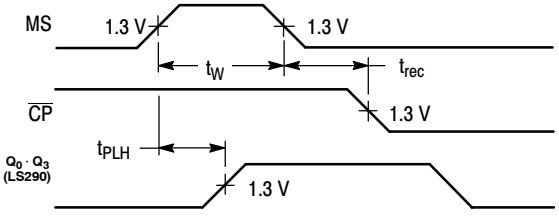


Figure 3

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