3EZ6.2D5 Series

3 Watt DO-41 Surmetic 30 Zener Voltage Regulators

This is a complete series of 3 Watt Zener diodes with limits and excellent operating characteristics that reflect the superior capabilities of silicon–oxide passivated junctions. All this in an axial–lead, transfer–molded plastic package that offers protection in all common environmental conditions.

Specification Features:

- Zener Voltage Range 6.2 V to 18 V
- ESD Rating of Class 3 (>16 kV) per Human Body Model
- Surge Rating of 98 W @ 1 ms
- Maximum Limits Guaranteed on up to Six Electrical Parameters
- Package No Larger than the Conventional 1 Watt Package
- These are Pb-Free Devices*

Mechanical Characteristics:

CASE: Void free, transfer–molded, thermosetting plastic **FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are readily solderable

MAXIMUM LEAD TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES: 260°C, 1/16" from the case for 10 seconds POLARITY: Cathode indicated by polarity band MOUNTING POSITION: Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS

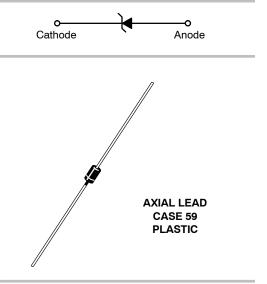
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Max. Steady State Power Dissipation @ $T_L = 75^{\circ}C$, Lead Length = 3/8"	PD	3	W
Derate above 75°C		24	mW/°C
Steady State Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 50^{\circ}C$	PD	1	W
Derate above 50°C		6.67	mW/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	-65 to +200	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

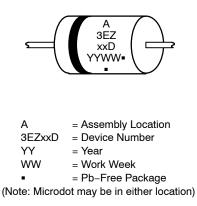


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ORDERING INFORMATION

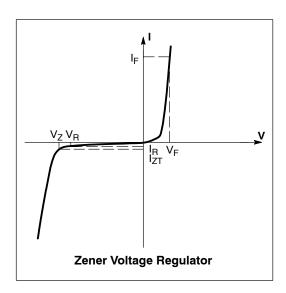
Device	Package	Shipping [†]
3EZxxD5G	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	2000 Units / Box
3EZxxD5RLG	Axial Lead (Pb-Free)	6000 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted, $V_F = 1.5$ V Max @ $I_F = 200$ mA for all types)

Symbol	Parameter
Vz	Reverse Zener Voltage @ I _{ZT}
I _{ZT}	Reverse Current
Z _{ZT}	Maximum Zener Impedance @ I _{ZT}
I _{ZK}	Reverse Current
Z _{ZK}	Maximum Zener Impedance @ I _{ZK}
I _R	Reverse Leakage Current @ V _R
V _R	Breakdown Voltage
١ _F	Forward Current
V _F	Forward Voltage @ I _F
I _{ZM}	Maximum DC Zener Current
I _R	Surge Current @ T _A = 25°C



		Zener Voltage (Note 2)			Zener Impedance (Note 3)		Leakage Current			I _R		
Device† Device		V _Z (Volts)		@ I _{ZT}	$\mathbf{Z}_{\mathbf{ZT}} @ \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{ZT}}$	Z _{ZK} @ I _{ZK}		I _R @ V _R		I _{ZM}	(Note 4)	
(Note 1)	Marking	Min	Nom	Max	mA	Ω	Ω	mA	μ Α Μax	Volts	mA	mA
3EZ6.2D5RLG	3EZ6.2D	5.89	6.2	6.51	121	1.5	700	1	5	3	435	3.1
3EZ13D5G	3EZ13D	12.35	13	13.65	58	4.5	700	0.25	0.5	9.9	208	1.54
3EZ16D5RLG	3EZ16D	15.2	16	16.8	47	5.5	700	0.25	0.5	12.2	169	1.25
3EZ18D5RLG	3EZ18D	17.1	18	18.9	42	6.0	750	0.25	0.5	13.7	150	1.11

1. TOLERANCE AND TYPE NUMBER DESIGNATION

Tolerance designation – device tolerance of \pm 5% are indicated by a "5" suffix.

2. ZENER VOLTÄGE (VZ) MEASUREMENT

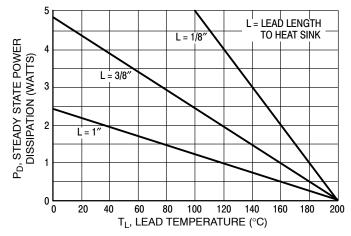
ON Semiconductor guarantees the zener voltage when measured at 40 ms ±10 ms, 3/8" from the diode body. And an ambient temperature of 25°C (+8°C, -2°C)

3. ZENER IMPEDANCE (Z_Z) DERIVATION The zener impedance is derived from 60 seconds AC vo

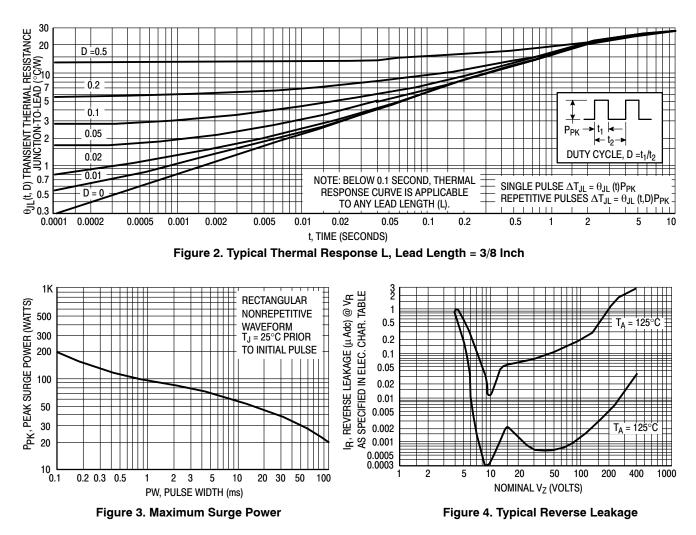
The zener impedance is derived from 60 seconds AC voltage, which results when an AC current having an rms value equal to 10% of the DC zener current (I_{ZT} or I_{ZK}) is superimposed on I_{ZT} or I_{ZK}.
SURGE CURRENT (I_R) NON-REPETITIVE

The rating listed in the electrical characteristics table is maximum peak, non-repetitive, reverse surge current of 1/2 square wave or equivalent sine wave pulse of 1/120 second duration superimposed on the test current, I_{ZT}, per JEDEC standards. However, actual device capability is as described in Figure 3 of the General Data sheet for Surmetic 30s.

†The "G" suffix indicates these are Pb-Free packages.







APPLICATION NOTE

Since the actual voltage available from a given zener diode is temperature dependent, it is necessary to determine junction temperature under any set of operating conditions in order to calculate its value. The following procedure is recommended:

Lead Temperature, T_L, should be determined from:

$$\Gamma_{L} = \Theta_{LA} P_{D} + T_{A}$$

 θ_{LA} is the lead-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W) and P_D is the power dissipation. The value for θ_{LA} will vary and depends on the device mounting method. θ_{LA} is generally 30–40°C/W for the various clips and tie points in common use and for printed circuit board wiring.

The temperature of the lead can also be measured using a thermocouple placed on the lead as close as possible to the tie point. The thermal mass connected to the tie point is normally large enough so that it will not significantly respond to heat surges generated in the diode as a result of pulsed operation once steady-state conditions are achieved. Using the measured value of T_L , the junction temperature may be determined by:

$$\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}} = \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{L}} + \Delta \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}\mathsf{L}}$$

 ΔT_{JL} is the increase in junction temperature above the lead temperature and may be found from Figure 2 for a train of power pulses (L = 3/8 inch) or from Figure 10 for dc power.

$$\Delta T_{JL} = \theta_{JL} P_D$$

For worst-case design, using expected limits of I_Z , limits of P_D and the extremes of T_J (ΔT_J) may be estimated. Changes in voltage, V_Z , can then be found from:

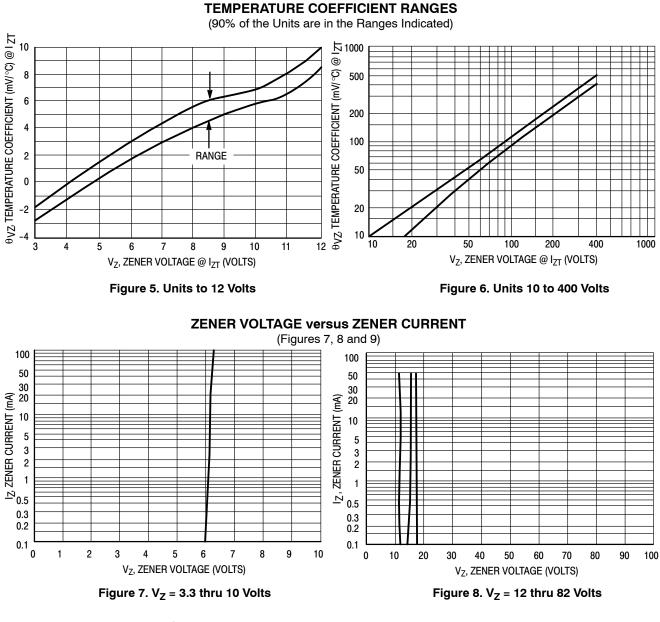
$$\Delta \mathsf{V} = \theta_{\mathsf{VZ}} \, \Delta \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}}$$

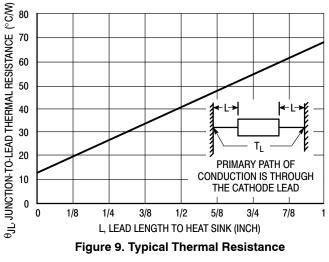
 θ_{VZ} , the zener voltage temperature coefficient, is found from Figures 5 and 6.

Under high power-pulse operation, the zener voltage will vary with time and may also be affected significantly by the zener resistance. For best regulation, keep current excursions as low as possible.

Data of Figure 2 should not be used to compute surge capability. Surge limitations are given in Figure 3. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure 3 be exceeded.

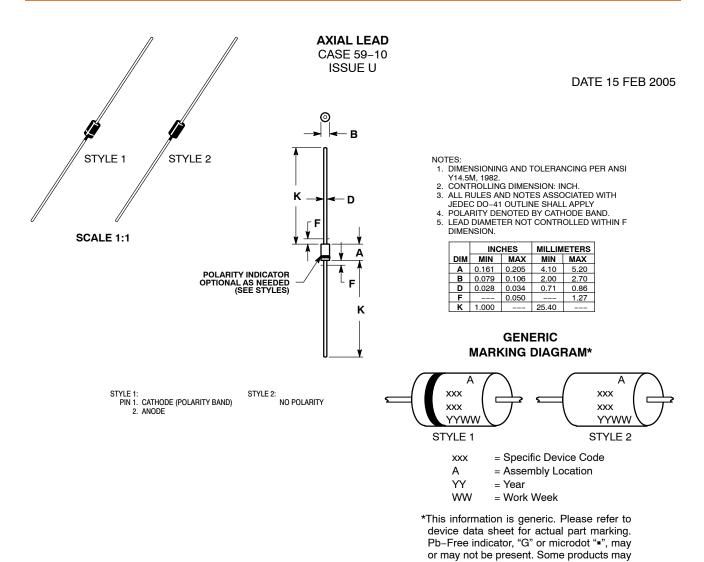
3EZ6.2D5 Series





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not follow the Generic Marking.



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